



Foreign Languages – Spanish
National Curriculum expectations and progression of knowledge and skills development

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| End of Y3 | End of Y4 | End of Y5 | End of Y6 |
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**National Curriculum
Expectations**

The focus of study in modern languages will be on practical communication. A linguistic foundation in ancient languages may support the study of modern languages at key stage 3.

Pupils should be taught to:

- ✓ listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- ✓ explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- ✓ engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help
- ✓ speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- ✓ develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases
- ✓ present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences
- ✓ read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- ✓ broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
- ✓ write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- ✓ describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing

Speaking

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communicate with others using simple words and short phrases covered in the unit. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communicate with others with improved confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and answer questions based on the language covered in the units and incorporate a negative reply if and when required. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communicate on a wider range of topics and themes. Remember and recall a range of vocabulary with increased knowledge, confidence and spontaneity. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Learn to recall previously learnt language and recycle/ incorporate it with new language with increased speed and spontaneity. Engage in short conversations on familiar topics, responding with opinions and justifications where appropriate. |
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| Listening | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Listen to and enjoy short stories, nursery rhymes and songs. Recognise familiar words and short phrases covered in the units taught. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learn to listen to longer passages and understand more of what we hear by picking out key words and phrases covered in current and previous topics. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Listen more attentively and for longer. Understand more of what we hear even when some of the language may be unfamiliar by using the decoding skills we have developed. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Listen to longer text and more authentic foreign language material. Learn to pick out cognates and familiar words and learn to 'just listen' even when hearing language that has not been taught or covered. |
| Reading | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read familiar words and short phrases accurately by applying knowledge from Phonics Lesson 1. Understand the meaning of short words I read in the foreign language | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read aloud short pieces of text applying the knowledge learnt from Phonics Lesson 1 and Phonics Lesson 2. Understand most of what we read in the foreign language when it is based on familiar language. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand longer passages in the foreign language and start to decode the meaning of unknown words using cognates and context. Increase our knowledge of phonemes and letter strings using knowledge learnt from Phonics Lessons 1 – 3. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Be able to tackle unknown language with increased accuracy by applying knowledge learnt in Phonics Lessons 1 – 4, including awareness of accents, silent letters etc. Decode unknown language using bilingual dictionaries. |
| Writing | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write familiar words or short phrases using a model or vocabulary list eg 'I play the piano'; 'I like apples' | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write some short phrases based on familiar topics and begin to use connectives/ conjunctions and the negative form where appropriate eg 'My name is...'; 'I live in...' | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write a paragraph using familiar language incorporating connectives/ conjunctions, a negative response and adjectival agreement where required. Learn to manipulate the language and be able to substitute words for suitable alternatives eg. My name, age, where I live, I have a pet, a pet I don't have and my pet's name. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write a piece of text from a variety of units covered and learn to adapt any models provided to show solid understanding of any grammar covered. Also start to incorporate conjugated verbs and learn to be comfortable using connectives/ conjugations, adjectives and possessive adjectives eg. A presentation or description of a typical school day including subjects, time and opinions. |

Grammar

- Start to understand the concept of noun gender and the use of articles. Use the first person singular version of high frequency verbs eg 'I like', 'I play', 'I am called'.
- Better understand the concept of gender and which articles to use for meaning (eg. the, a, some). Introduce adjectival agreement (eg. adjectival agreement when describing nationality); the negative form and possessive adjectives eg 'In my pencil case I have' or 'In my pencil case I don't have'.
- Revision of gender and nouns and learn to use and recognise the terminology of articles (eg. definite, indefinite and partitive). Understand better the rules of adjectival agreement and possessive adjectives. Start to explore full verb conjugation (eg. I wear, he/ she wears...) and also to be able to describe clothes in terms of colour eg. 'My blue coat.'
- Consolidate our understanding of gender and nouns, use of the negative, adjectival agreement and possessive adjectives (eg. which subjects I like at school and which subjects I don't like). Become familiar with a wider range of connectives/ conjunctions and more confident with full verb conjugation – both regular and irregular eg. 'to go', 'to do', 'to have' and 'to be'